

COURSE SYLLABUS

Course: Teaching, Learning, and Leading in the Digital Age

Presenters: Meg Ormiston

Hours: 30

Course Overview

There has been a large shift in the way student minds work, and the manner in which they engage and learn is different than it was in the past. As Meg Ormiston tells us, they are constantly wired and always connected, and they are facile with technology. Yet it has been said you can walk into a classroom today and it looks the same way it did 100 years ago. Today's learners cannot sit through the drawn out lessons of the past, being lectured and given worksheets to complete. Luckily technology, the cause of the new mind's evolution, can work in our favor as we facilitate learning for our students. They need images and video, new digital collaboration tools and pedagogical methods. They can engage and learn deeply when they are taught in ways that sync with their lifestyle. Although the gap between how students live outside the classroom and how they are being taught is wide, if educators teach themselves about Web 2.0 Tools, NETS guidelines, the language of the wired student, and what works for today's learners we can facilitate instruction that draws them in emotionally, motivates them, and fosters creativity. We are no longer training students to work in a factory in the industrial age, because this is the information age. If we are truly preparing them for the future, it is essential that we model collaboration and creativity. How can we be sure to engage these learners in our classrooms?

- Use multi-media tools and images that evoke emotion and involve our students
- Incorporate collaboration tools and methods into curriculum
- Anticipate their shorter attention span, and plan lessons accordingly
- As educators, develop our own personal learning networks in order to keep pace with new developments and tools

Educators will learn to facilitate lessons for today's students so they will engage and learn in new, powerful ways. Differentiated instruction is easier than ever using new tools and pedagogies. While giving students the autonomy to choose their methods of expression and presentation tools, we learn to encourage collaborative skills they will use for a lifetime. Ormiston teaches us not only how to empower our students to learn, but how to do the same for ourselves as we develop personal learning networks and relationships with fellow educators around the world to share ideas and develop new lesson plans that work. We can speak our student's language and teach them in ways that will delight and excite them, while helping them develop higher order thinking skills at the same time.

Presenters' Bios

For over twenty-five years **Meg Ormiston** has been involved in professional development activities focused on changing instructional practice in the classroom. Meg marries her passion for technology with a deep curriculum background and over twelve years as a classroom teacher. Meg has served as a



curriculum coach, school board member, keynote speaker, professional development specialist and grant facilitation specialist. Meg has also authored four books, written numerous articles, collaborated on professional videos and participates in many personal learning communities.

Meg brings all of this to each professional development session, with a dynamic presentation style and a great sense of humor. When she is not on the road, Meg can usually be found at a sporting event of her boys along with her husband and golden retriever, Napa.

Objectives

After completing this course, educators will know:

- How to engage students using multi-media, new pedagogical approaches, and Web 2.0 tools
- How to facilitate deep learning by creating lesson plans that give students autonomy and choice
- What works in today's classrooms – educational technology tools and how they work to engage
- How to find, organize, and share their new collection of digital images and other artifacts

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course, educators will be able to:

- Design or revisit lesson plans using multi-media and tools to facilitate deeper learning in their students
- Develop their own personal learning network to use on an ongoing basis
- Rethink their opinions about the technology their students use as part of their digital lifestyle, by viewing it through an instructional lens

Unit 1: Paper-Trained Teachers in a Video-Game World

We often hear that our role as educators has changed from “sage on the stage” to “guide on the side.” Instead of lecturing students, Ormiston tells us, we must facilitate their learning. Their brains have changed, and learners need to be active participants in their own discovery. In order to accomplish this, she explains, we need to rethink lesson planning. Differentiating instruction, which is much easier with the help of technology, will empower students. She cites video, audio, and fast moving environments as an ideal way to grab their emotion, connect, and engage. We want to create deep knowledge of topics in order for students to create projects that require higher order thinking skills, such as remixing audio and video content in order to express themselves and their opinions.

Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, participants will know:

- How and why the role of the teacher must change
- New ways to promote creativity using higher order thinking skills



- The critical importance of multi-media and technology in the classroom

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, participants will apply the following skills:

- Shift to a facilitative role in the classroom
- Integrate audio, video, interactive white boards, and other technology into lessons.
- Revisit lesson plans and enhance or change them to correlate with new student thinking

Unit 2: The Future of Leadership - Technology and the School Leader

Leaders of today are more important than ever. In this unit, Meg Ormiston tells us that both administrative and teacher leaders need to model behavior to set the tone for change at a time when innovation in education is more important than ever. Not only should a good leader initiate the use of technology and new pedagogies, they need to continually stay involved in their own professional development by forming Personal Learning Networks. They should stay connected to their peers both while in school and out on a daily basis, and model the behavior for everyone around them. Nothing remains static in education today, and Ormiston shows leaders how to stay informed using social media that will keep them on the cutting edge of new technology tools and trends, as well as their application and relevance. Leadership is not confined to technology, she tells us. It is all about engagement and evolving with innovative ideas and initiatives that will capture the students emotionally and foster a love of learning.

Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, participants will know:

- All about NETS, and how to integrate the standards into their leadership and teaching
- About Personal Learning Networks and their benefits
- Where to find professional development communities and tools

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, participants will apply the following skills:

- Prioritize technology tools and pedagogical innovation in lesson plans
- Conceptualize an ideal classroom with educational technology equipment
- Form and utilize a Personal Learning Network using social media communities for ongoing professional development



Unit 3: InfoClutter: Processing Information in New Ways

With a digital lifestyle we often make a digital mess. In this unit, Ms. Ormiston focuses on organizing digital resources. She shares her personal file management system and demonstrates how to manage, download, and create folders so they can be easily located. Everything we use as educators should be in a place that is easily retrievable. She emphasizes that redundancy increases clutter, and that each item should only be in one file location. Technology does not save time if we reinvent the wheel, and Ormiston shows us strategies to make our digital files work for us. She also introduces us to “the Cloud,” and encourages us to take advantage of remote sites where we can store our files in order to access them from any computer, anywhere, without using space on our local hard drive. Her strategies for file sharing, email management, and backing up all digital assets will save time in the future and provide us with an organized framework as we grow our collection and increase our lesson plan possibilities.

Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, participants will know:

- How to manage, organize, and access their digital assets
- Strategies for backing up and sharing files
- Suggestions for email management that will eliminate overload

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, participants will apply the following skills:

- Decrease the number of files and folders on their desktop while retaining the content within an organizational framework
- Quickly access materials needed for a learning unit
- Back up files, organize email, and use the cloud for access anywhere

Unit 4: Article: “It’s Time to Trust Teachers with the Internet: A Conversation with Meg Ormiston”

In this unit, you will read an interview article entitled, “It’s Time to Trust Teachers with the Internet: A Conversation with Meg Ormiston,” and answer some reflection questions about it. The purpose of your reading this article is to consider the ways in which restrictions on Internet access affect your ability to use technology in your classroom, and think about what you can do to address this issue in your school.

To access this article go to the Resources button of your eClassroom. Read the article, and then answer the reflection questions.



Unit 5: Power Googling for Educators

Google is so popular it is now both a brand and a verb. It is a powerful search tool but, as Ms. Ormiston explains, it puts the sites that are linked to most often by other sites at the top of results pages. As educators, we have very specific needs when we do a search, and in most cases, we won't be looking for the winners of Google's link popularity contest. She shows us how to save time and confusion by using advanced search techniques that narrow our results down to exactly what we need, using parameters specific to our circumstance. Ormiston also explains portals, directories, and sites that serve as recommendation engines – some that are curated by teachers. She goes on to show us how to do the same type of user specific searching for images, both on Google and Flickr, and discusses the pros and cons of each. Google News, iGoogle, Google Maps, and some of the software from the Google suite of application are shared with us, and Ormiston gets us excited to use them in our classrooms.

Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, participants will know:

- Advanced searching strategies specific to educators' needs
- How to search for images safely and comprehensively
- About other Google sites and applications to use in the classroom

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, participants will apply the following skills:

- Search for articles, images, and other teaching aids quickly and with precision
- Incorporate Google applications into their lesson plans and curriculum

Unit 6: Web 2.0 Tools All Educators Should Have in their Backpacks

Ormiston's digital backpack for educators is a collection of Web 2.0 tools that can be accessed via the Internet. They are collaborative in nature, and take the next step toward her vision of the ultimate digital and paperless classroom. In this unit, she suggests collaborative possibilities and describes the collective knowledge we can both gain and maintain with wikis, Google Docs, Google Calendars, and more. She also addresses social media and the controversy it raises in schools. Even Facebook has its pros and cons! Highlighting each tool, Ms Ormiston demonstrates applications in the context of a classroom and challenges us to imagine new possibilities and practices. Data collection from Google Forms, using shared calendars, live video streaming using Ustream, and social bookmarking all take us far beyond lectures and worksheets while enabling us to engage learners as never before. She also addresses blocking and filtering, and the fine line we now walk in schools when discussing access issues. There are decisions to make in every school administration in order to maintain a safe atmosphere. Even if educators are already using some of the tools in her digital backpack, Ormiston shares fresh ideas and new applications that will deepen understanding and encourage frequent incorporation into the curriculum.



Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, participants will know:

- About various digital tools that will encourage collaboration
- Applications for the tools in the context of the school and classroom
- Blocking and safety – and the factors that must be considered when making access decisions

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, participants will apply the following skills:

- Incorporate their new digital backpack into lesson plans and curriculum
- Ways to use social media for further discovery of new applicable tools
- Begin to think objectively about Internet access in school and what sites should be blocked

Unit 7: Article: “Cell Phones as Learning Tools”

In this unit, you will read an article by Meg Ormiston entitled, “Cell Phones as Learning Tools,” and answer some reflection questions about it. The purpose of your reading this article is to consider some of the many issues raised by new technologies that students are using and how schools can begin to deal with them.

To access this article go to the Resources button of your eClassroom. Read the article, and then answer the reflection questions.

Reading: “POWERful Coaching – Unit 4”

Participants read Unit 4 of Reiss’ book, *POWERful Coaching*, and address relevant issues in a reflection question format.

Unit 8: Technology Tools to Support Students with Learning Disabilities

In this unit Meg Ormiston and her guests discuss how multi-media technology tools will benefit all learners, particularly those who have learning disabilities or other comprehensive challenges in the classroom. She talks about the power of images, video, and audio and explains how to incorporate them into curriculum. Educators can use these tools to evoke emotion that engages students in meaningful conversation and inquiry. They are empowered both to learn new material and to use their natural strengths to present their newfound comprehension. Ormiston stresses that learning is the important thing, not how students learn. Providing multi-media as an alternative to traditional methods can make a vast difference in learning outcomes.



Unit Objectives:

After completing this unit, educators will know:

- How to use different types of multi-media tools and where to find them
- The best ways to take advantage of pictures, video, and audio in order to promote deep understanding, regardless of learning challenges an individual student faces
- Ways to integrate new media assets into curriculum and create a personal, organized library

Student Learning Outcomes:

After completing this unit, educators will apply the following skills:

- Create new curriculum that incorporates multi-media technology
- Revisit lesson plans and modify them to make them richer
- Empower students to learn and express themselves in new ways

Unit 9: Culture Clash! Wired Kids in Text Driven Classrooms

We are teaching an “always on” generation. Our students today are used to being constantly wired and connected, both to each other and to any information they need. In the classroom, Ms. Ormiston tells us, we will sound like the Charlie Brown teacher if we don’t evolve. The gap between how our students learn and live outside of school and the way they are being taught in classrooms is growing wider, and we need to make changes quickly or we will lose our students. These are different learners, and we need to give them different tools and learning opportunities. Ormiston discusses new ways of thinking about students today, and how to use their innate skills, problem solving ability, and behavior to our advantage as we teach them. She shares her thoughts about video games in classrooms, the difference between text messaging and formal writing, and how to reconsider the concept of wasting time. Balance, she tells us, is the key to diminishing our culture clash. Ormiston also introduces us to mashups, a creative combination of audio and video, as a new method of expression and deep understanding. Even the most tech-savvy educators will hear new ideas in this unit, and those who are just learning will come away with new perspectives to consider.

Unit Objectives

After completing this unit, educators will know:

- Characteristics that define our wired learners
- Different ways to think about their habits, gadgets, and attention span
- How to use our students' skills to their advantage in a learning environment



Student Learning Outcomes

After completing this unit, educators will apply the following skills:

- Leverage the types of problem-solving skills that wired students have by integrating them into learning activities
- Present and facilitate student learning as they complete unique projects that display their knowledge and understanding

Unit 10: If a Picture Paints a Thousand Words: STOP TALKING

In order to encourage learning, we need to fully understand the world our students live in. Ms. Ormiston tells us that in order for learning to occur, we must understand their multimedia language. They have a text language, and we should know it. We should also know how to mash things up. Let them bring their cell phones with them to class and use them in our curriculum, because it is a tool they are comfortable using. Ormiston's panel discusses these issues as well as new uses of images, video, and audio to enable instructors to make curriculum rich and meaningful. She also discusses electronic white boards in depth, and how they convert the teacher's computer into a touchable screen where students and teachers can work interactively. There are even lessons that can be saved and shared with other teachers in a collaborative folder. The most important learning goal when using these tools, Ormiston tells us, is to promote higher order thinking. Multi-media activities such as using Photoshop Elements to merge and create images are powerful, and she reminds us where to find the best images and how to get them in the hands of students. These activities are not extra, and not an add-on, she reiterates – it is essential to incorporate multimedia into the curriculum of all 21st century learners.

Unit Objectives

After completing this unit, educators will know:

- The importance of understanding the language of multimedia
- New tools and applications that take advantage of learner multimedia fluency
- Places to find appropriate images and programs online

Student Learning Outcomes

After completing this unit, educators will apply the following skills:

- Design and implement instruction that integrates multimedia
- Enhance and grow their collection of digital assets
- Use some of the new applications Ormiston describes in lesson plans



Methods of Instruction

- Videos with PowerPoint presentations (teacher workshops and additional resources)
- Text (units based on required reading)
- Reflection questions (open-ended questions at intervals throughout the videos where educators are asked to reflect on the course content, their own practice, and their intentions for their practice)
- Quizzes (selected-response quizzes to assess understanding of the video presentations)

Plagiarism Policy

KDS recognizes plagiarism as a serious academic offense. Plagiarism is the passing off of someone else's work as one's own and includes failing to cite sources for others' ideas, copying material from books or the Internet (including lesson plans and rubrics), and handing in work written by someone other than the participant. Plagiarism will result in a failing grade and may have additional consequences. For more information about plagiarism and guidelines for appropriate citation, consult plagiarism.org.

Passing Requirements:

In order to complete the requirements of the course, the participant must complete all course work. We do not award partial credit.

- Quizzes 40% of total grade
- Reflection Questions 60% of total grade

KDS Self-Assessment Rubric:

	Distinguished	Proficient	Basic	Unsatisfactory
Quizzes	100% Correct	80% Correct	60% Correct	0-40% Correct
Reflection Questions	Participant provides rich detail from the content of the course in his or her responses Participant makes his or her responses to the questions personally meaningful	Participant includes appropriate content from the course in his or her responses Participant makes thoughtful comments in direct response to the questions	Participant includes some content from the course, usually appropriate, in his or her responses Participant answers the questions directly, not always fully	Participant includes no content from the course in his or her responses Participant does not address the questions posed